

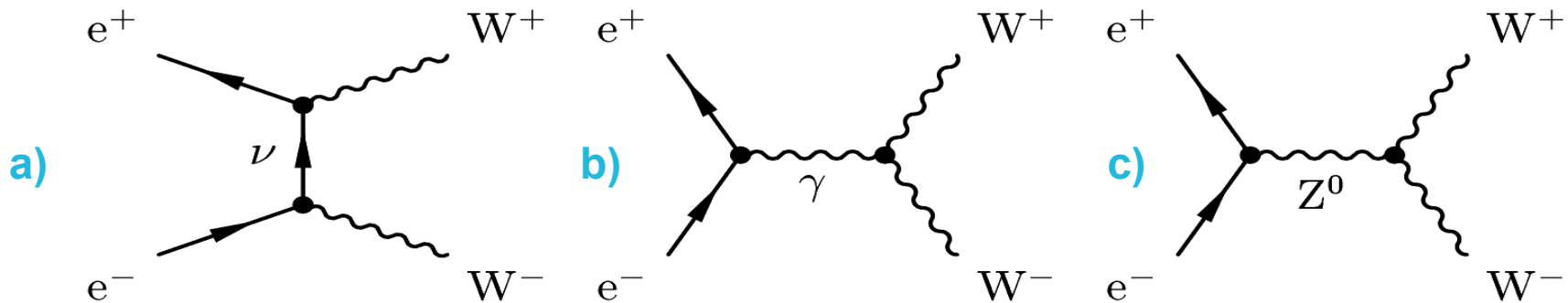
# **Study of the beam polarization at the ILC using $W^+W^-$ production**

**Ivan Marchesini, DESY, 2008-01-24**

# Motivations

- ▶ Beam polarization is important for many physics measurements, with an aimed precision of 0.2%.
- ▶ External polarimeter can measure it on a short timescale but the polarization might change between polarimeter and I.P.. Calibration by means of a physics process is needed.
- ▶  $W^+W^-$  production is sensitive to polarization and has an high cross section: fits in this purpose.
- ▶ Further importance for detector optimization:
  - PFA;
  - Lepton-ID;
  - Invariant mass resolution.

# $W^+W^-$ production and polarization - 1



**b) c) s-channel:**  $e^+$  and  $e^-$  must have opposite polarizations, to give the vector boson.



$J_z=1$  allows vector mediator

**a) t-channel:** same polarizations for  $e^+$  and  $e^-$  are allowed.

# $W^+W^-$ production and polarization - 2

$\sigma_{RR}$		$0.25 \{(1+P_{e^-})(1+P_{e^+})\}$	$J_Z=0$
$\sigma_{LL}$		$0.25 \{(1-P_{e^-})(1-P_{e^+})\}$	
$\sigma_{RL}$		$0.25 \{(1+P_{e^-})(1-P_{e^+})\}$	$J_Z=1$
$\sigma_{LR}$		$0.25 \{(1-P_{e^-})(1+P_{e^+})\}$	

► The total cross section is therefore influenced by the beam polarizations:

$$\sigma(P_{e^-}, P_{e^+}) = 0.25 \{ (1+P_{e^-})(1+P_{e^+})\sigma_{RR} + (1-P_{e^-})(1-P_{e^+})\sigma_{LL} + (1+P_{e^-})(1-P_{e^+})\sigma_{RL} + (1-P_{e^-})(1+P_{e^+})\sigma_{LR} \}.$$

► From the measured cross section it is possible to deduct, vice versa, the polarization.

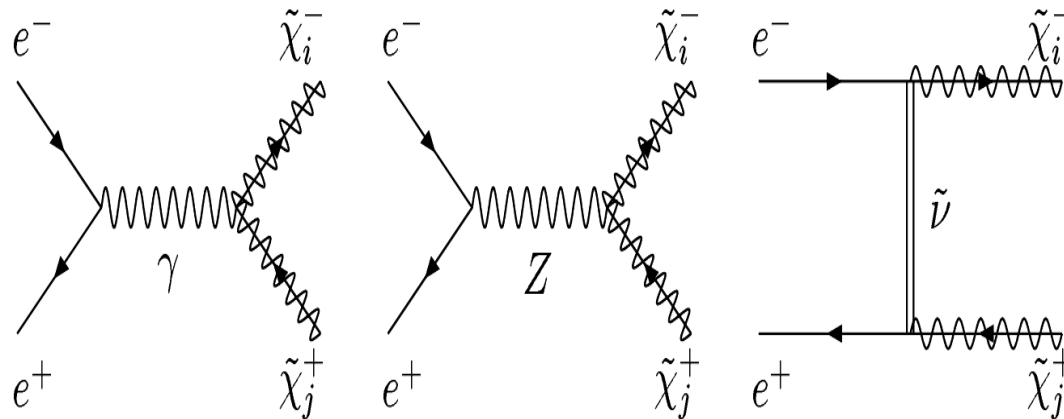
# Importance of beam polarization

- ▶ It enables to enhance desired signal rates and suppress unwanted background: essential in searches for new physics where small rates are predicted.
- ▶ Allows to study properties of new particles, such as mixings and couplings.

# Example: chargino mixing

► Charginos are a mixing of Winos and Higgsinos, according to the matrix element:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \\ \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} M_2 & \sqrt{2} m_W \cos(\beta) \\ \sqrt{2} m_W \sin(\beta) & \mu \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{W}^\pm \\ \tilde{H}^\pm \end{pmatrix}$$



s-channel: only  $e_R^+ e_R^-$  or  $e_L^+ e_L^-$

t-channel: also  $e_L^+ e_R^-$  or  $e_R^+ e_L^-$

► Winos can couple only to  $e_R^+$  and to  $e_L^-$ , while higgsinos can couple to the Z-boson in the s-channel.

► Using beams polarization it is therefore possible to show the different contributions and study the chargino mixing.

# Current simulation

- ▶ **Simulation:** Old Mokka 5.4, LDC00Sc, B=4T files.
- ▶ **Tracking:** LEPTracking and TrackwiseClustering.
- ▶ **Particle flow:** Wolf.
- ▶ **Background:** at the moment using only qq.

# Current selection

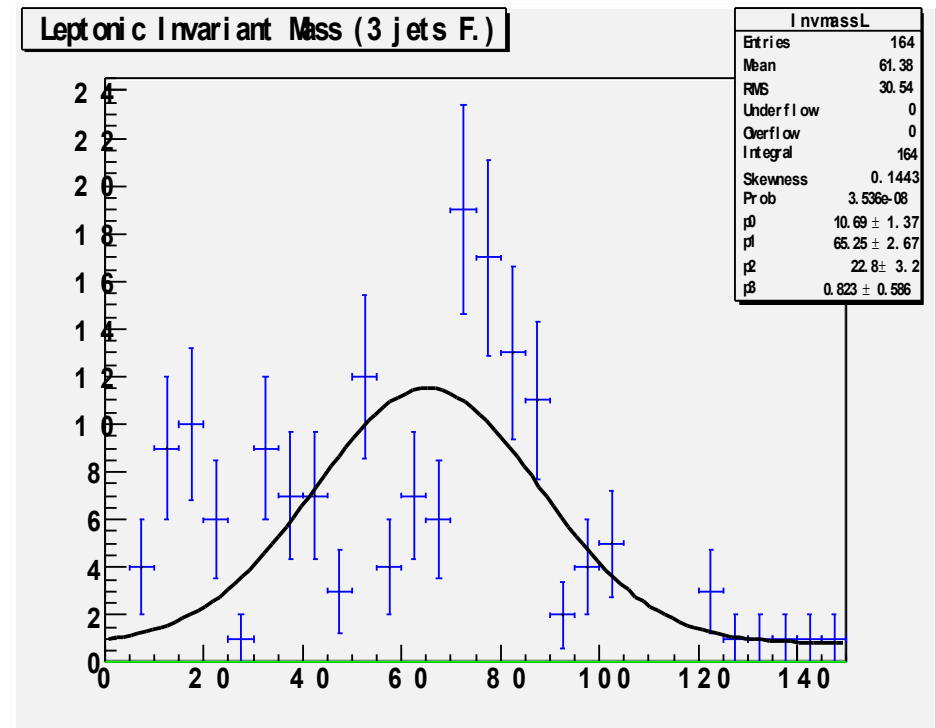
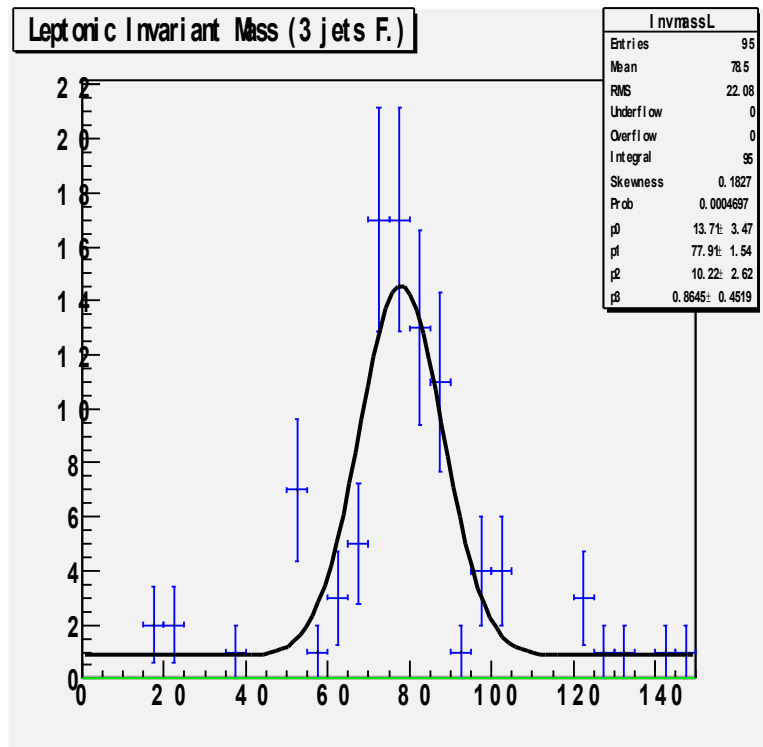
► Only semileptonic channel: forcing 3 jets (Duhram). One jet is the lepton:

- Isolated (5 degrees theta-phi).
- Charged.
- One and only one track with  $p_T > 10$  GeV.
- If more than one track:
  - Three tracks: electron radiating photon converting to pair. Two tracks must have invariant mass  $\rightarrow 0$ . The third track must be an electron:  $E/p \rightarrow 1$ .
  - In case of muon:  $E/p \rightarrow 0$ ; only one track allowed.

► Preselection cuts:

- Ntracks  $\geq 5$ .
- Neutrino:  $P_T > 5$  GeV,  $\sum E < 450$  GeV.
- Isr:  $M_{vis} > 100$  GeV.

# Tau selection

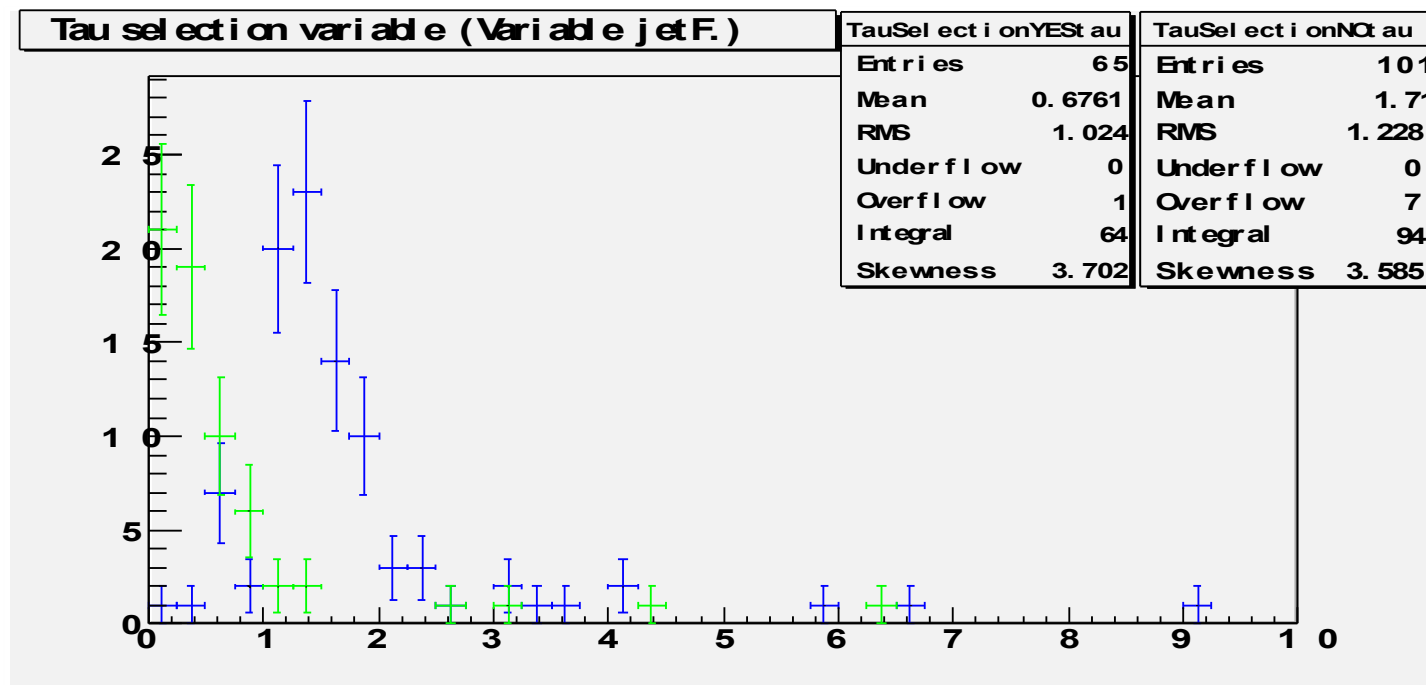


- ▶ Tau can decay, and more neutrinos are present in the final state.
- ▶ This disturbs the reconstruction of the W “leptonic” invariant mass from the lepton+missing momentum.
- ▶ Eliminate the tau contribution?

# Tau selection

► At the moment using a cut-oriented tau selection:

$$\left( \frac{E_{VIS}}{E_{CM}} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{E_{lepton}}{E_{beam}} \right)^2 < 1$$

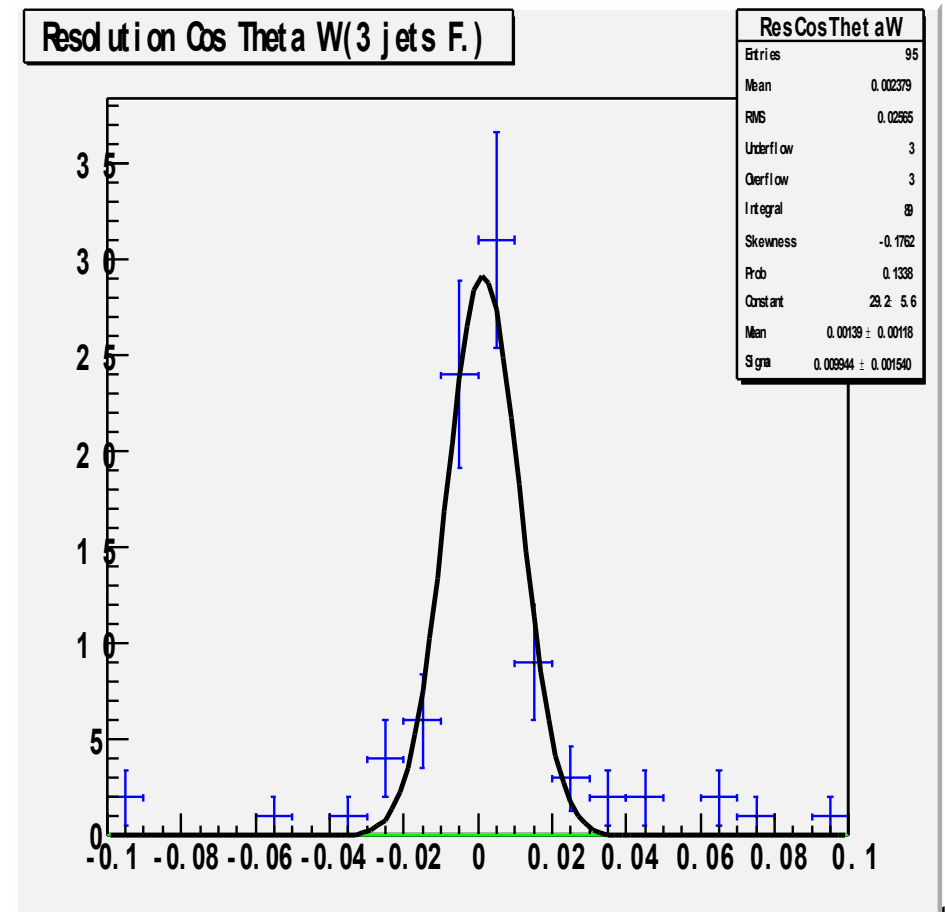
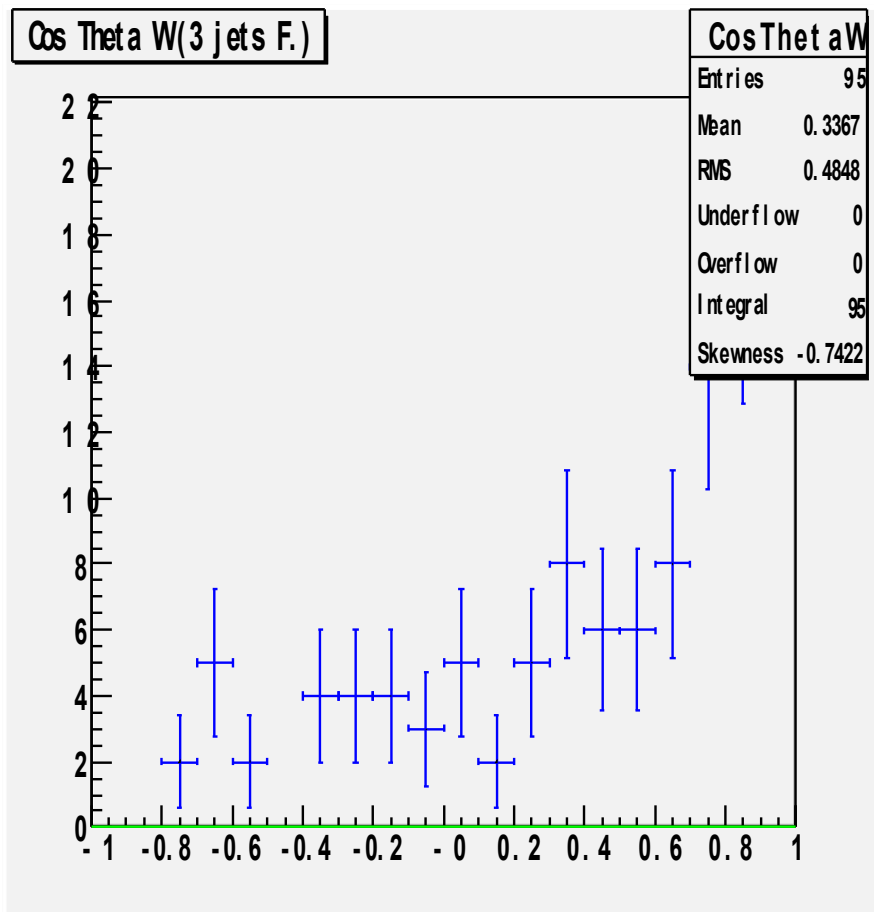


**Tau**

**Electron  
Muon**

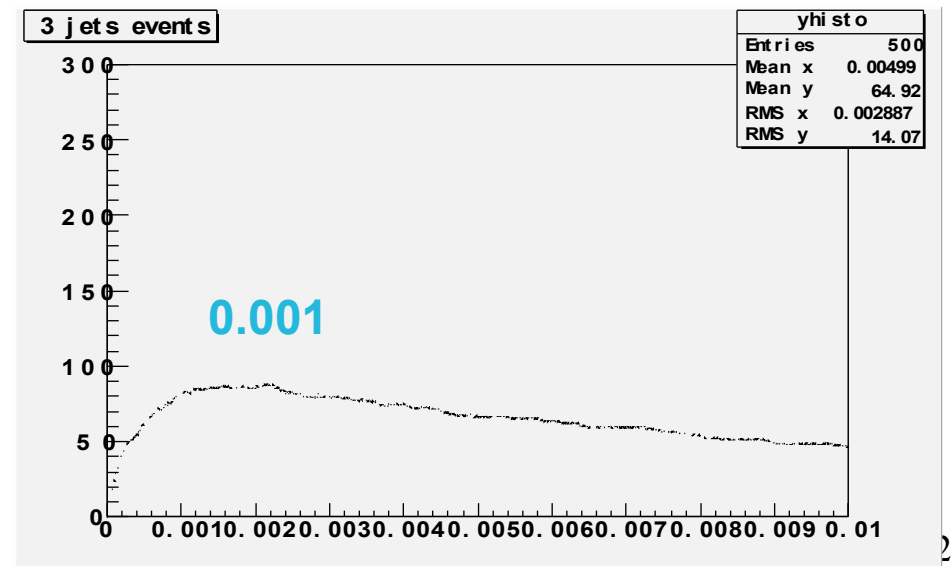
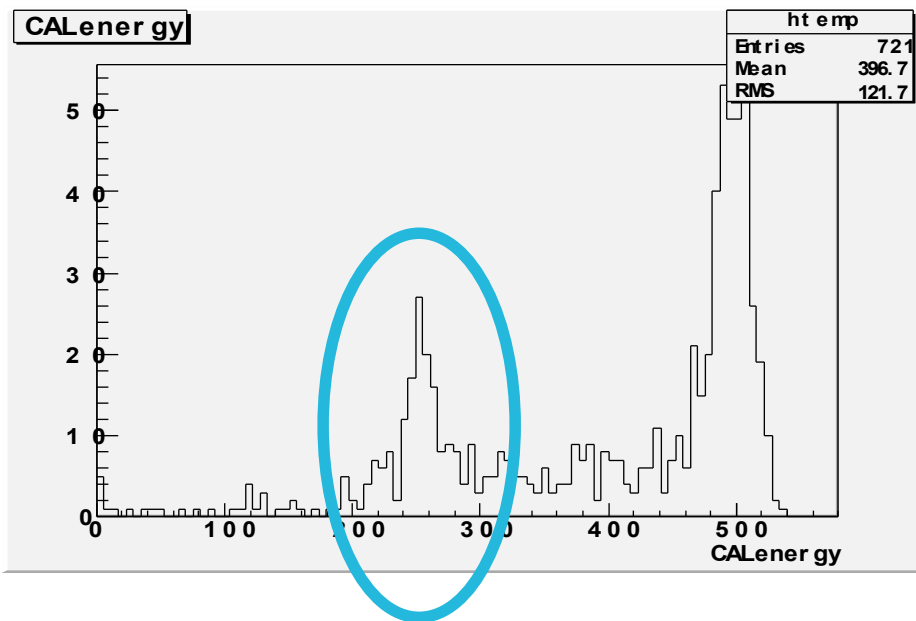
# $\text{Cos } \theta_w$

Results for  $\text{Cos } \theta_w$  with the resolution obtained from true MC information.

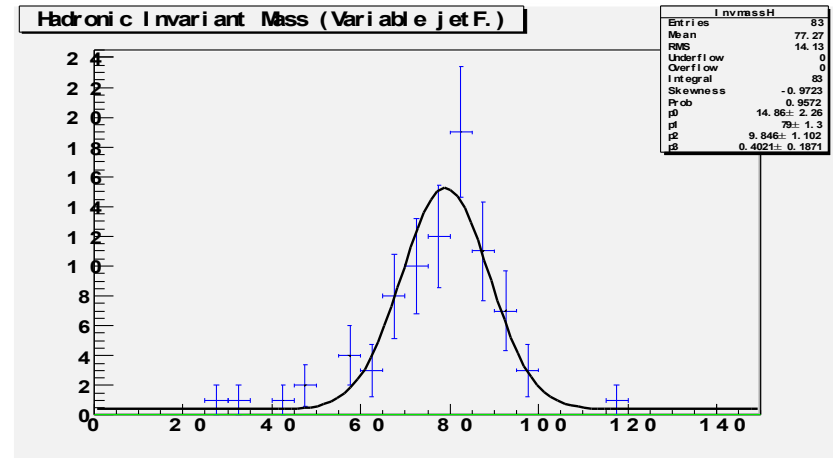
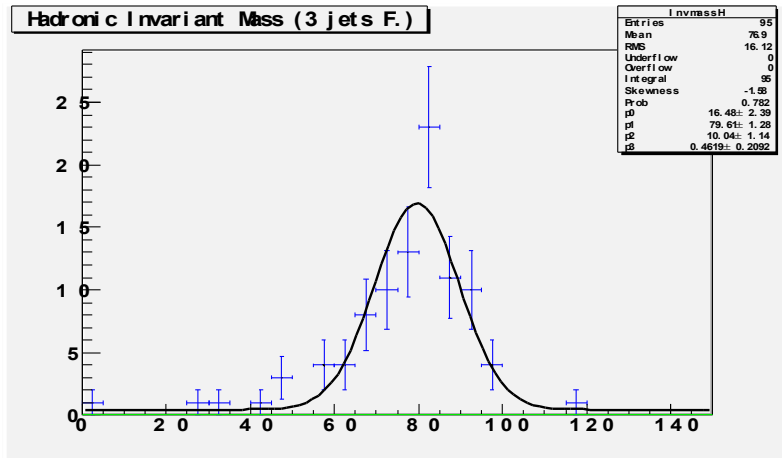


# Variable jets finder: Y cut

- ▶ The same analysis has been repeated with the variable jet finder, asking for and not imposing three jets.
- ▶ Y cut choice:
  - $W^+W^-$  events with  $200 < E_{\text{CAL}} < 300$  GeV is expected to be a very pure semileptonic sample:  $\mu$  penetrates all the calorimeter without leaving an energetic deposit.
  - Chosen the Y cut that gives the maximum number of 3 jets.

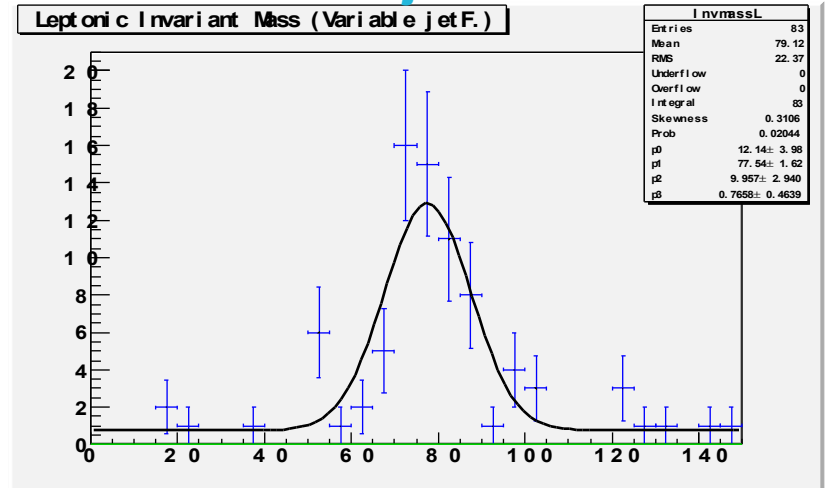
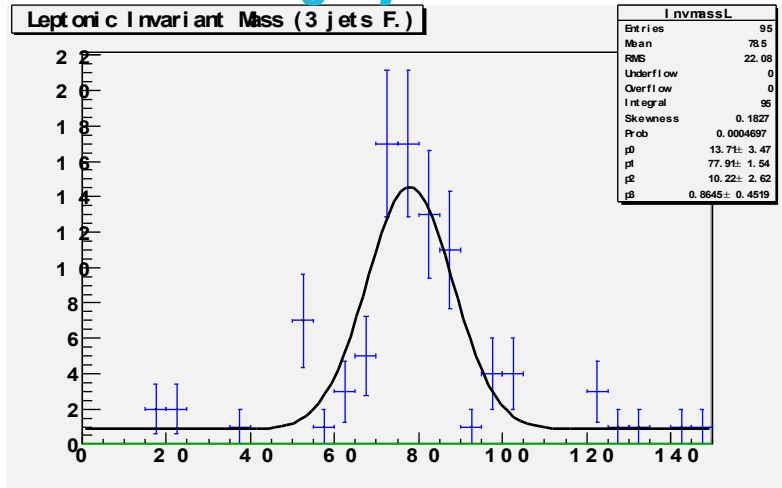


# Variable jets finder vs 3 jets finder



Forcing 3 jets

Variable jets



Tot. events selected: 83 for variable jet finder and 95 forcing 3 jets.

# Upgrades

## ▶ Simulation:

- New Slac samples, LDC01\_05Sc model.
- Background: more statistic needed, and qqqq background.

## ▶ Reconstruction:

- Pandora;
- Lepton-ID.

## ▶ Analysis:

- Kinematic fitting;
- More sophisticated tau selection;
- Setting up a selection also for hadronic, 4 jets, decays.